

Investor Presentation

June 2011



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Transaction summary

Offering details

- Use of proceeds: Partly finance two FSRUs to be constructed at Hyundai HI
- Offering size: NOK 810 – 945 million (approx. USD 150 – 175 million)
- Offering structure:
 - Offering to international institutional investors outside the U.S. in reliance on Regulation S and in the U.S. in reliance on Rule 144A
 - Retail offering in Norway
- New shares to be issued: approx. 15 – 25 million
 - Shares outstanding pre-issue: 28,214,127
- Price range per share: NOK 38 – 54 (approx. USD 7 – 10)
 - Pre-money valuation: NOK 1,070 – 1,521 million (approx. USD 198 – 282 million)
- Over-allotment option:
 - Up to 10% of the issue amount
- Participation from majority shareholder:
 - Leif Höegh & Co Ltd. will subscribe for up to USD 20 million to maintain a minimum ownership of 55% post IPO
- Joint-Lead Managers and Bookrunners:
 - DnB NOR Markets (Global Coordinator)
 - ABG Sundal Collier
 - Pareto Securities
- Co-Managers: Danske Bank and Nordea Markets

Time table and key conditions

- Application period:
 - Institutional: 14 Jun 2011 at 09:00 CET – 24 Jun 2011 at 17:30 CET
 - Retail: 14 Jun 2011 at 09:00 CET – 24 Jun 2011 at 12:00 CET
 - Application period may be closed or extended at any time
- Pricing and allocation announced on or about 27 Jun 2011
 - Payment and delivery of shares: On or about 29 Jun 2011
 - List and start of trading on Oslo Børs, alternatively Oslo Axess: On or about 30 Jun 2011
- Allocation criteria institutional offering:
 - Management road-show participation and feedback
 - Timeliness of the application
 - Price leadership and relative order size
 - Sector knowledge and investment horizon
 - Perceived investor quality
- Documentation:
 - Prospectus
 - Investor Presentation
 - Term Sheet
- Conditions:
 - Company resolution on the final issue price, the number of new shares to be issued, the allocation of the new shares and approval by the Board of Directors of the Oslo Stock Exchange

Presentation team

Management



Sveinung Støhle
President & CEO



Steffen Førleid
CFO

Owners



Morten W. Høegh
Chairman



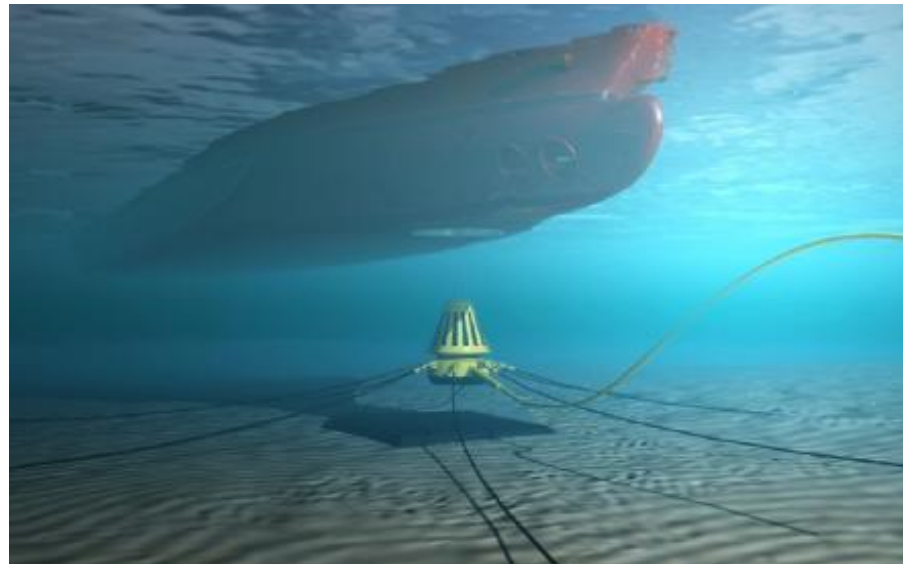
Leif O. Høegh
Deputy Chairman

Agenda

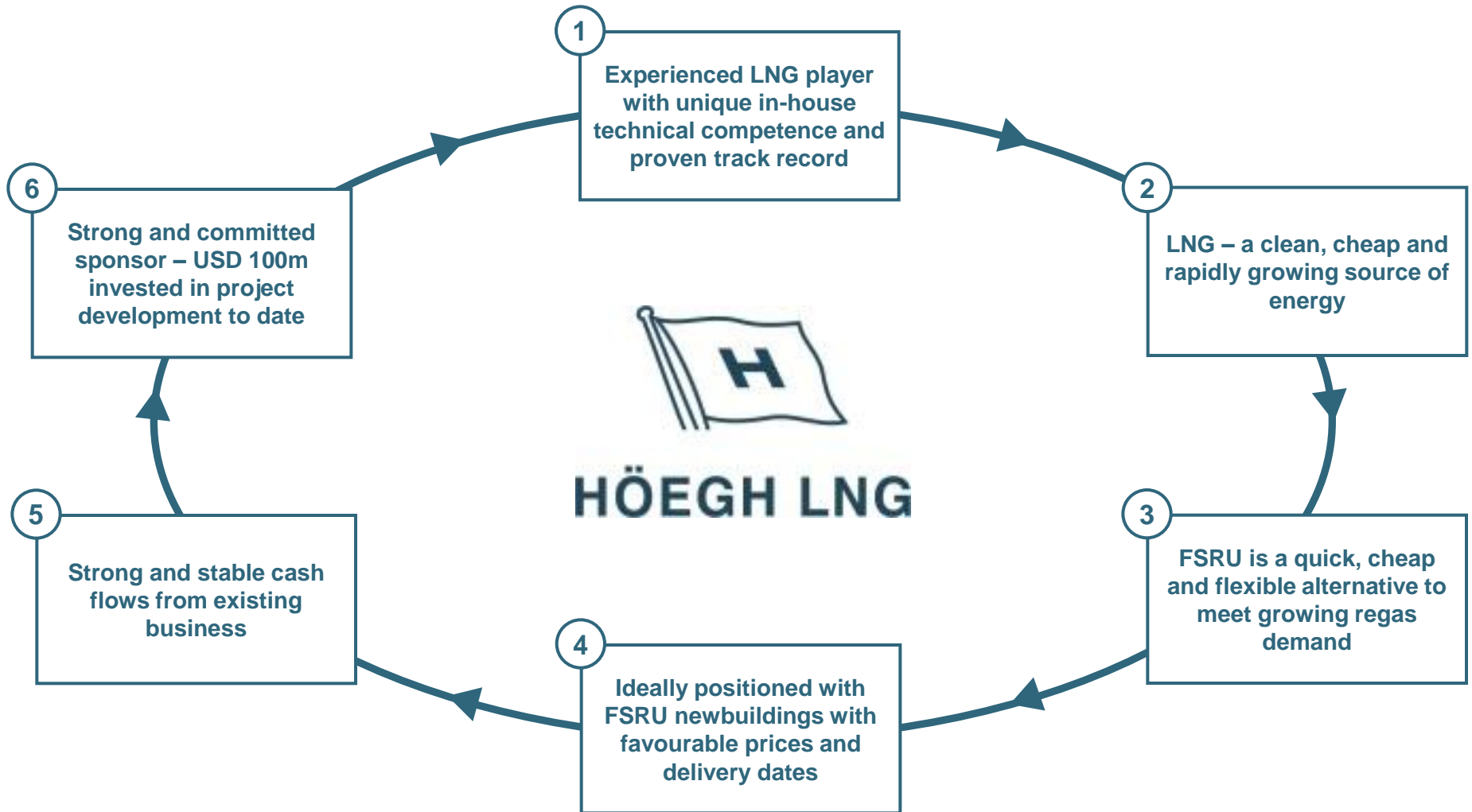
Investment highlights

Appendix

1. Company overview
2. Financials
3. LNG industry



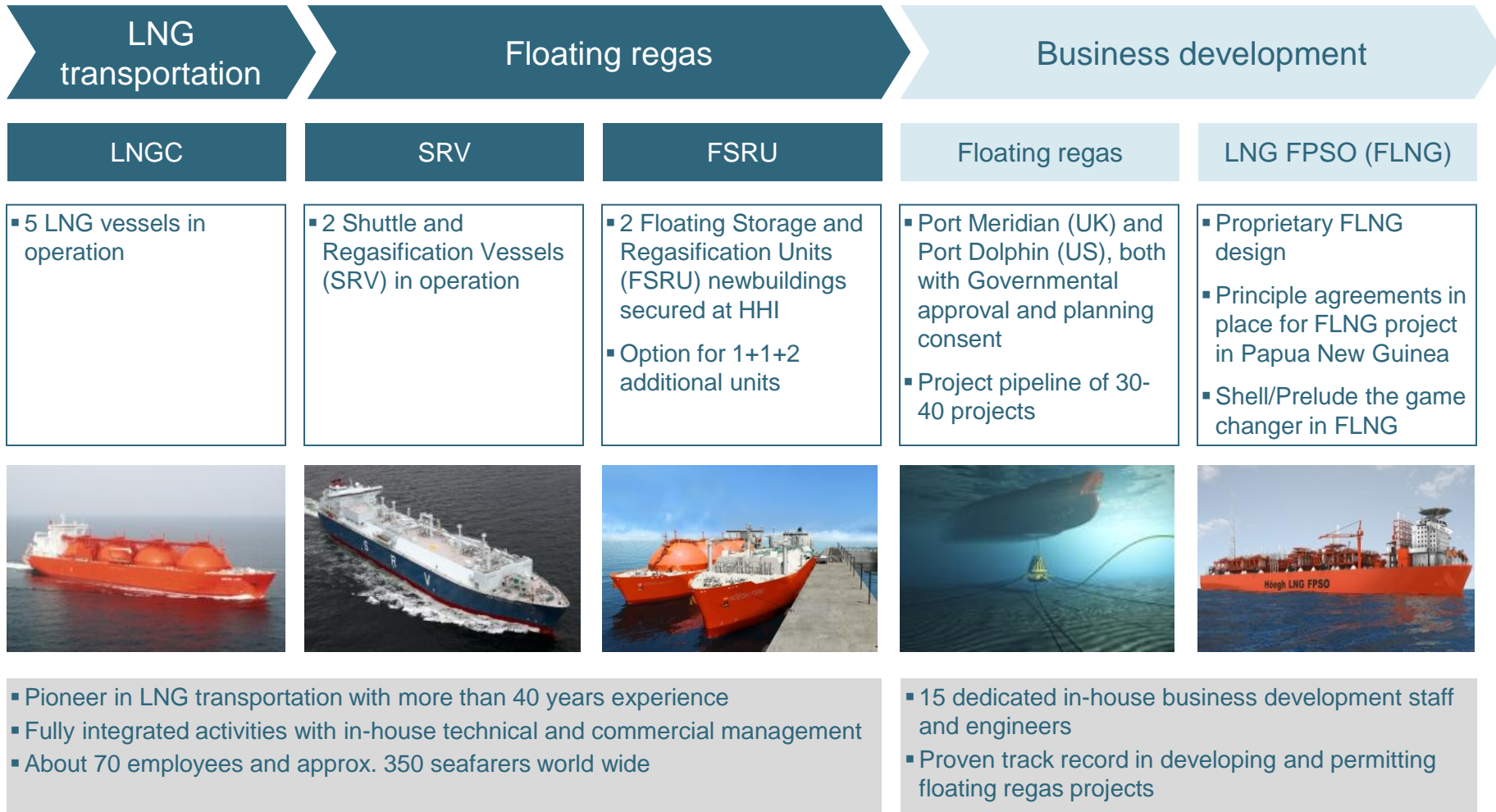
Investment highlights overview



Höegh LNG: Floating LNG services



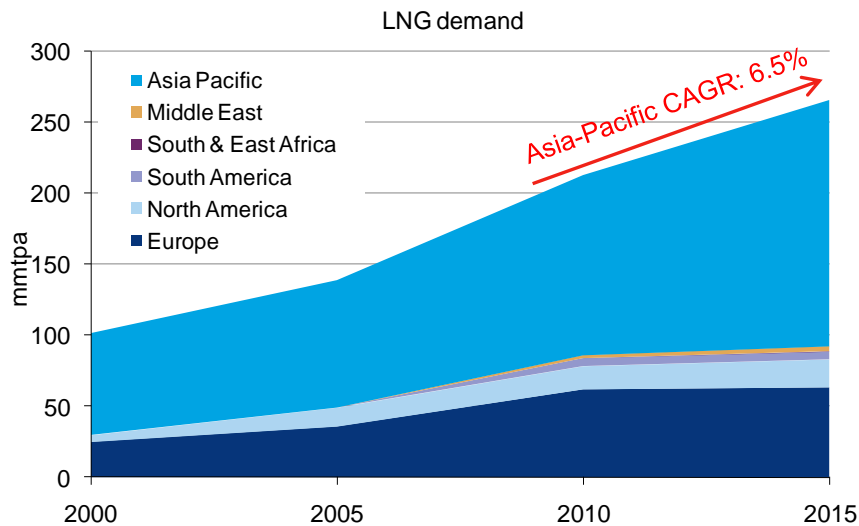
Our business activities



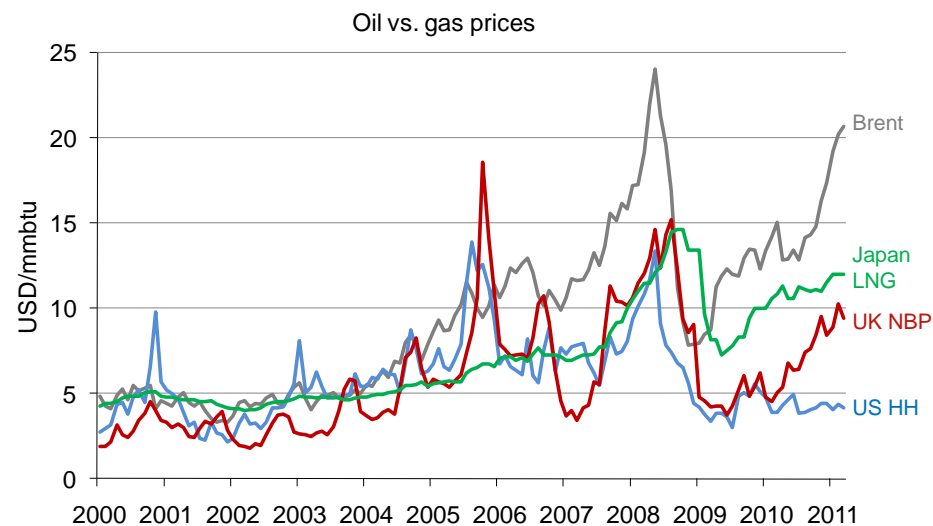
LNG: A clean, cheap and growing source of energy



- Global demand to increase by 25% over next 5 years
- 90% of growth to come from Asia-Pacific region
- LNG is cheap relative to crude and the gap is widening – substitution from crude to LNG based power generation to accelerate, particularly in Asia
- Most new power plants are CCGTs running on natural gas, nuclear issues will increase this trend across the region



Source: Wood Mackenzie

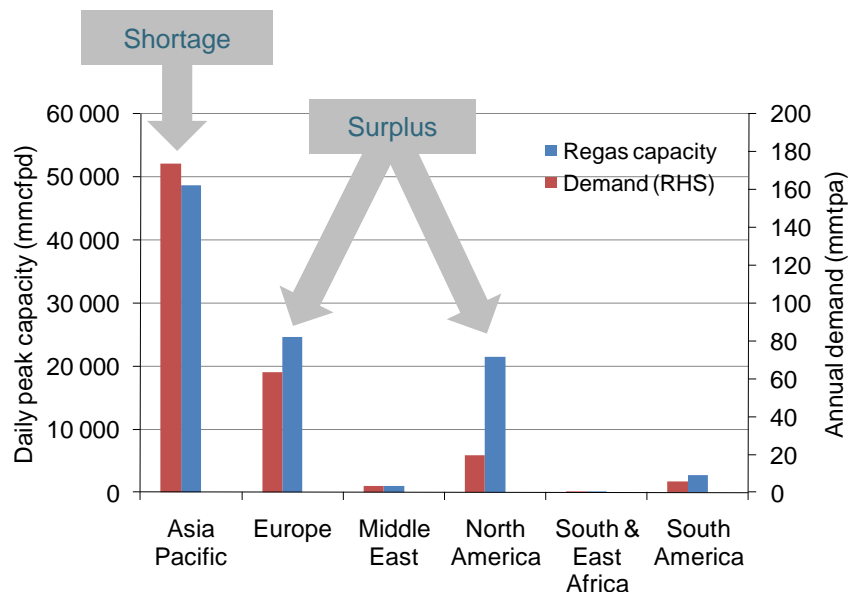


Source: Reuters, Bloomberg

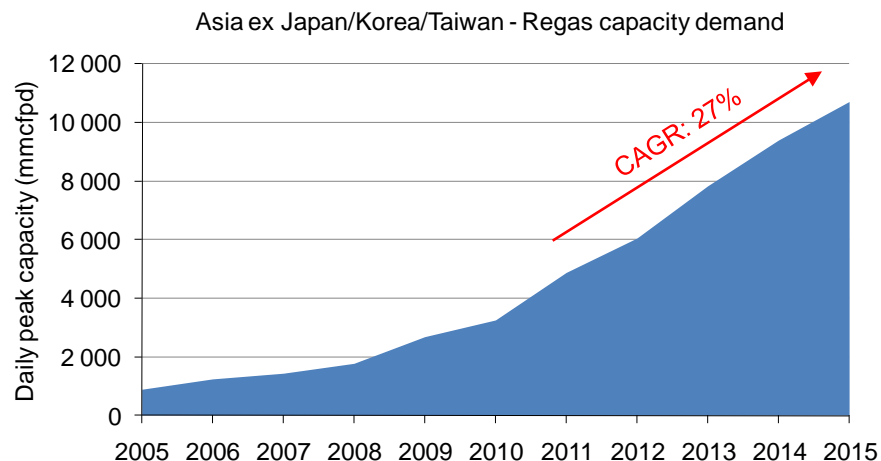
Limited regas capacity in Asia is a major growth constraint



Asia is short on regas capacity



Strong demand for new regas capacity



- Shortage of regas capacity cannot be filled by conventional land based receiving terminals short term
- Floating regas is the most viable option

- Asia (ex Japan/Korea/Taiwan) regas demand to grow by 7.5 bcfd over next 5 years
- This equals approximately 21 new FSRU projects in Asia only*

Source: Wood Mackenzie

* Assuming 350 mmcfpd per FSRU project and no excess buffer capacity.



Floating regas: The cost effective, quick and flexible solution



Floating regas (FSRU)

- ✓ Low cost (\$200-300m)
- ✓ Short lead time (1-3 years)
- ✓ No or limited regulatory issues (unit deployed offshore)
- ✓ Flexible and scalable
- ✓ Unit deployed offshore or on jetty



Onshore receiving terminal

- ÷ High cost (\$350m-1bn)
- ÷ Long lead time (5-7 years)
- ÷ Complex regulatory approval processes
- ÷ Limited flexibility and scalability



FSRUs offer superior return potential to conventional LNG shipping



Market characteristics:

Conventional LNG shipping

- High competition (50+ players)
- Low barriers to entry

Floating regas (FSRU)

- Limited competition
 - 3 proven players
- High barriers to entry
 - Technical competence
 - Track-record to pre-qualify for tenders
 - Availability of units / newbuilds

Sample long-term project terms:

Cost (all-in)	USD 220m
T/C rate/day	USD 80,000
Opex/day	USD 15,000
Annual EBITDA	USD 23m
Total capital IRR*	8.5%
Equity IRR**	14.0%

Cost (all-in)	USD 275m
T/C rate/day	USD 125,000
Opex/day	USD 18,500
Annual EBITDA	USD 38m
Total capital IRR*	12.0%
Equity IRR**	23.0%

* Assumes 20 year contract and residual value based on 30 years linear depreciation

** Assumes 80% leverage



Attractive FSRU newbuildings secured at HHI



Two purpose built FSRU newbuildings

- Price: USD 253m per unit (turnkey)
- Delivery Q4 2013 and Q1 2014
- Payment terms: 5+5+10+10+10+60%
- Options for 1+1+2 additional newbuildings*
 - 1st option to be declared within Sept. 2011, delivery Q2 2014
 - 2nd option to be declared within Oct. 2011, delivery Q4 2014
- Flexibility on final specification – to be tailored to specific projects
- Base specification
 - 170,000 cbm, reinforced membrane containment system
 - Modular regas equipment
 - 10 knots transit speed
 - Jetty or offshore mooring

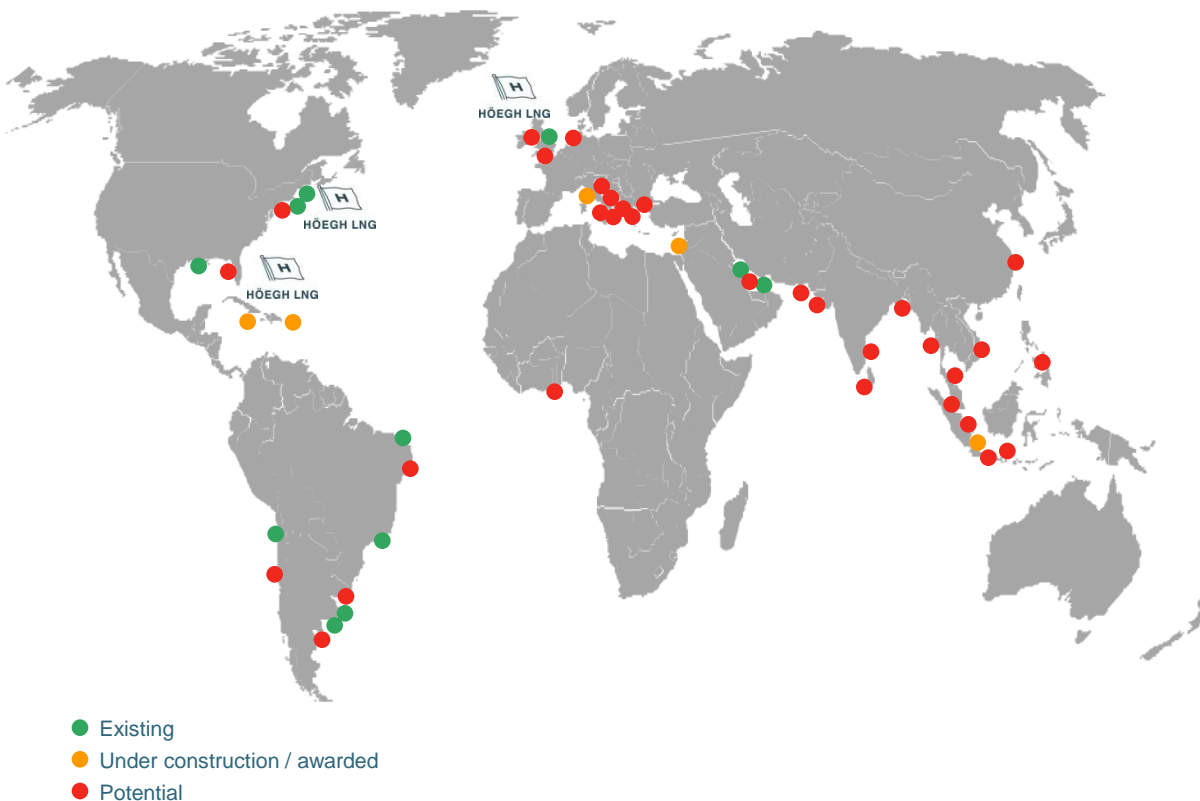
Why newbuildings?

- Larger storage capacity optimizes logistics efficiency
- Minimum size required to qualify for certain tenders
- More efficient storage (less boil-off)
- Lower fuel cost
- Lower project risk than conversions
- Time-to-market not an issue – can use existing SRVs or conversions as interim solution



* Price and delivery date TBA for last 2 options

30 - 40 FSRU projects in pipeline worldwide



Existing FSRU projects

- 11 existing floating regas projects
 - 2 x HLNG Neptune SRVs
 - 3 x Golar FSRUs
 - 5 Excellerate SRVs (6 offshore buoys)
- 2 projects under construction, 3 awarded

30 - 40 projects in pipeline

- 15 projects in Asia/Middle East
- 6 projects in North/South America
- 11 projects in Europe/Africa
- Höegh LNG has 4-6 additional proprietary projects under development

1

Indonesia / Medan:

- Bids submitted mid-May
- Short-listed bidders: Höegh LNG, Golar and Excellerate
- Expected contract award: within Q2 2011
- Most likely a conversion project



2

Brazil / Petrobras:

- Bids due early June
- Expected contract award: Q3 2011
- Most likely newbuilding (or vessel with size 170,000 cbm or greater)



3

Chile:

- Bids due July 2011
- Expected contract award: Q1 2012



4

Proprietary projects:

- Proprietary 1: Q4 2011
- Proprietary 2: Q1 2012

Existing contract coverage provides strong and stable cash flows



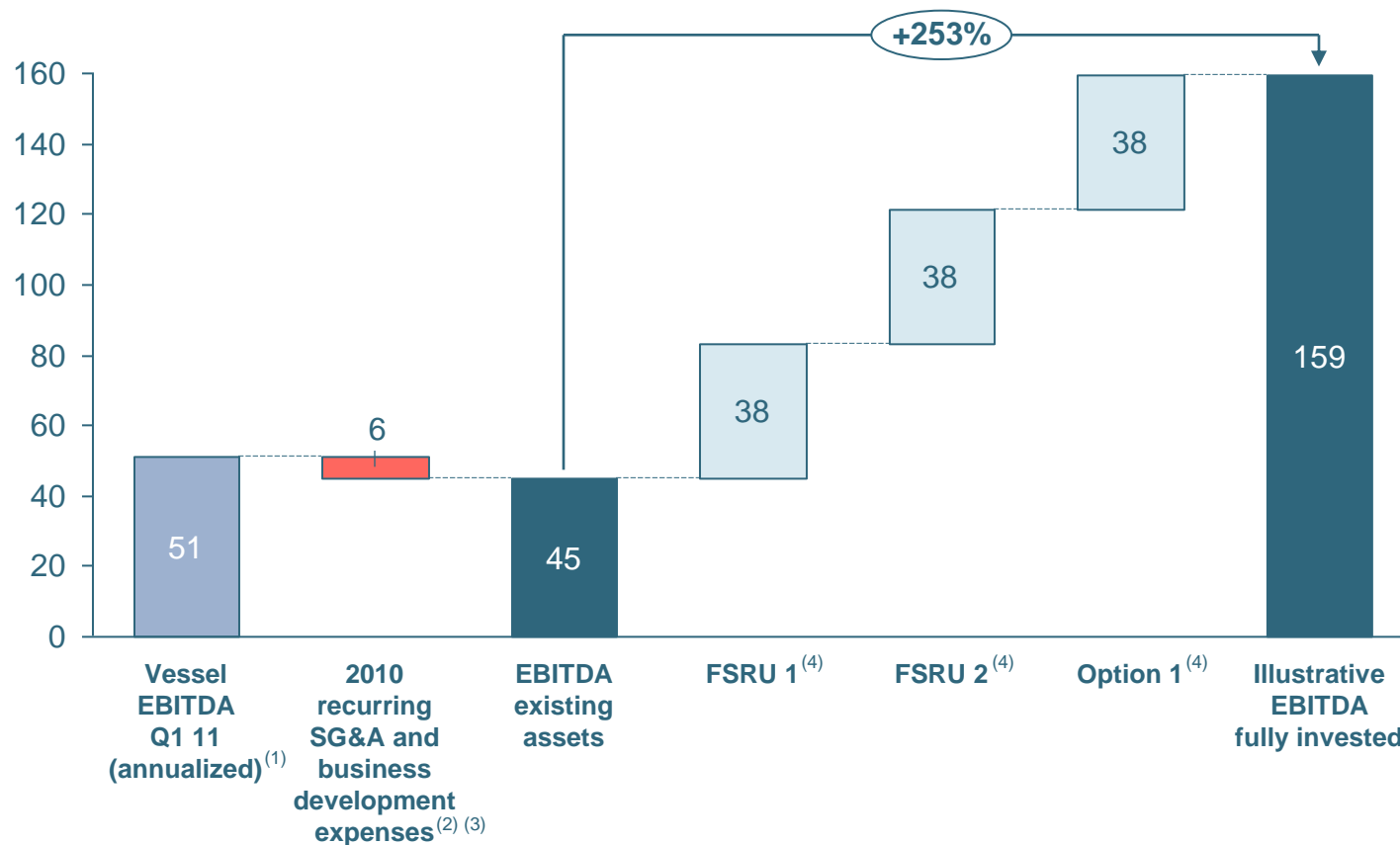
	Name	Ownership	Capacity	Built	T/C (\$/d)	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2027	2029	2031	2033	2035	2037	2039	2041
LNG CARRIERS	Norman Lady	50%	87,600m3	1973	34,500*	Gas Natural	Option																
	Matthew	-	126,538m3	1979	-	Ship management w ith GDF Suez LNG																	
	Arctic Lady	50%	147,208m3	2006	70,000*	Total															Option 5+5		
	Arctic Princess	34%	147,208m3	2006	70,000*	Statoil															Option 5+5		
	STX Frontier	-	153,600m3	2010	2,000**	Repsol	Purchase option - USD 226m (100% basis) / USD 194m (50% basis)																
SRV	GDF Suez Neptune	50%	145,130m3	2009	110,000*	GDF Suez															Option 5+5		
	GDT Suez Cape Ann	50%	145,130m3	2010	110,000*	GDF Suez															Option 5+5		
FSRU	Newbuild 1	100%	170,000m3	2013	-	Construction																	
	Newbuild 2	100%	170,000m3	2014	-	Construction																	

* Based on full opex-pass through and 365 day basis

** Spread between charter in/out



Strong EBITDA growth potential from newbuildings post contract award

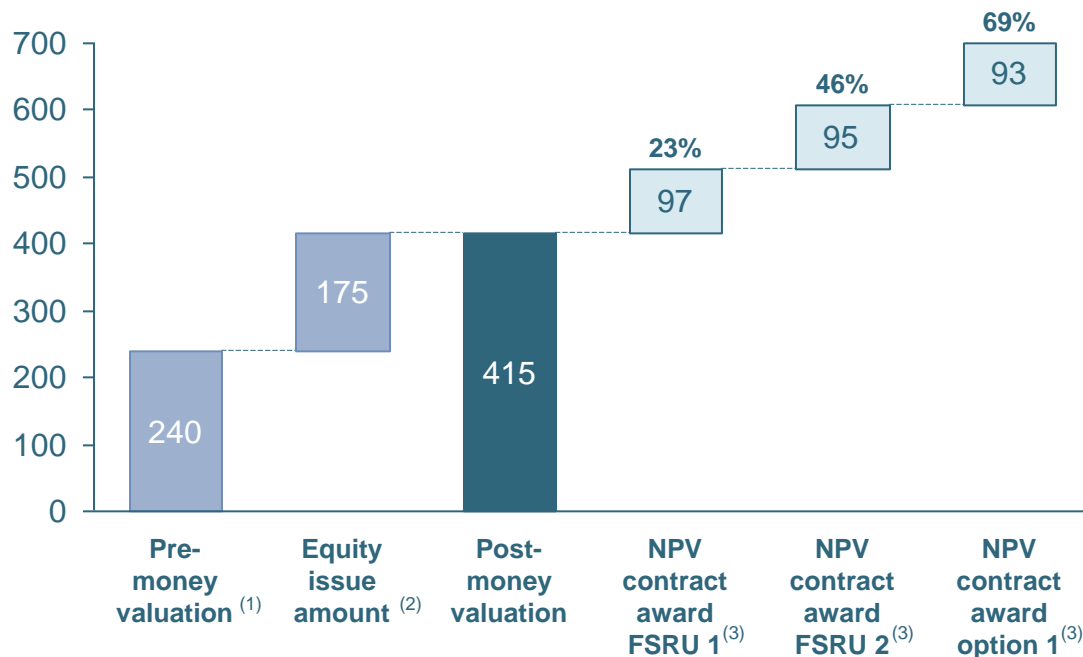


- 1) Based on Q1 2011 reported T/C income less charterhire expenses and operating expenses. Assumes that Q1 2011 is representative quarter.
- 2) Based on 2010 reported SG&A related to ongoing management of existing fleet only. Exclusive of non-recurring projects related SG&A of approx. USD 5.1m per year which going forward are intended to be capitalized at contract award of future projects.
- 3) Based on 2010 reported project development expenses for new projects less non-recurring expenses of approx. USD 9,4m which is intended to be capitalized as project capex at contract award of future projects.
- 4) Assumes charter hire of USD 125,000 per day and opex of USD 18,500 per day.

Significant value added potential from FSRU contract awards



Upside potential from contract awards (cumulative %)



NPV sensitivities

Day rate (USD/day)	NPV contract award FSRU 1 (USDm) ⁽³⁾
120,000	81
125,000	97
130,000	112
135,000	128
140,000	143

1) Approx. mid-point of indicative price range

2) Assumes USD 175m issue amount

3) PV of a 20 year contract at a charter rate of USD 125,000 per day and operating expenses of USD 18,500 per day, assuming a discount rate of 7%, net of capex of USD 275 million

Financial summary (USDm)

	Q1 2011
Total assets	636
Net debt ⁽¹⁾	366
Book equity	75
Adj. book equity ⁽²⁾	150
Adj. equity ratio	23.6%

Indicative valuation (USDm)

	Low	Mid	High
Pre-money:			
Price per share (USD)	7.0	8.5	10.0
Market capitalization	198	240	282
Net debt ⁽¹⁾	366	366	366
Enterprise value	564	606	647

Fully invested:

Capex (all-in delivered cost):

- FSRU 1	275	275	275
- FSRU 2	275	275	275
- Option 1	270	270	270
Enterprise value	1,384	1,426	1,467

1) Includes promissory note of USD 51.4m

2) Adjusted for marked-to-market valuation of interest rate swaps of USD 75.2m

Proprietary FLNG design

- 4 years and USD 50m invested in FLNG project development to date (of which USD 36m is capitalized)
- 300,000 engineering man-hours invested, completed FEED 2009
- Proprietary FLNG design with AIP* from DNV
- World class contractors in DSME, KBR and BWO for construction and operation
- HLNG's design ready for construction



Papua New Guinea FLNG project

- 4-5 TCF of discovered, uncommitted gas in Western regions and Gulf of Papua
 - JV with PNG FLNG project partners, Petromin PNG and DSME E&R, signed on 30 May 2011
 - Project LNG capacity: 3 mmtpa
 - Planned FID: End 2012
 - Strong upstream gas owners: Talisman, Oil Search
 - Only consortium with government approval for FLNG
 - Estimated CAPEX (EPC): USD 1,6bn
 - Business model; straight lease, additional upside from commodity participation possible
 - When obtain contract, project to be spun off into separate subsidiary
-
- Shell's Prelude development, the game changer on FLNG, FID made on 20th May 2011
 - This will put a stamp of acceptance for FLNG developments across the industry

* Approval in Principle

Committed to the LNG industry

- Approx. USD 100m invested in project development (of which 80m is capitalized) by the family through Høegh LNG over the last 5 years
- Sponsor has a long-term horizon and is committed to participate in further investments



Morten W. Høegh



Leif O. Høegh

Høegh Autoliners

- 5th largest PCTC/RoRo operator worldwide
- Fleet of approximately 70 vessels
- Key clients: Nissan, GM, Airbus
- 61.2% owned by Høegh family and 38.8% owned by AP Møller-Maersk



HØEGH CAPITAL PARTNERS

HØEGH EIENDOM

**GEMINI OIL+GAS
ADVISORS LLP**



HECTORRAIL



Why invest in Höegh LNG?

1. LNG market fundamentals have never been better – Asia the key driver behind demand for LNG and floating regas and floating production solutions
2. FSRU is the cost effective, quick and flexible alternative to meet increased regas demand
3. USD 100m invested in project development gives Höegh LNG a strong competitive position in a high barrier to entry market
4. Höegh LNG value proposition:
 - Existing assets with strong contract backlog and cash flow
 - Newbuildings on order at attractive prices and delivery dates
 - Well positioned for new FSRU contract awards with significant upside potential
 - Added value opportunity from proprietary FLNG design and associated project portfolio
 - Added value from STX Frontier purchase option which gives potential exposure to soaring spot market rates next 2-3 years

Agenda

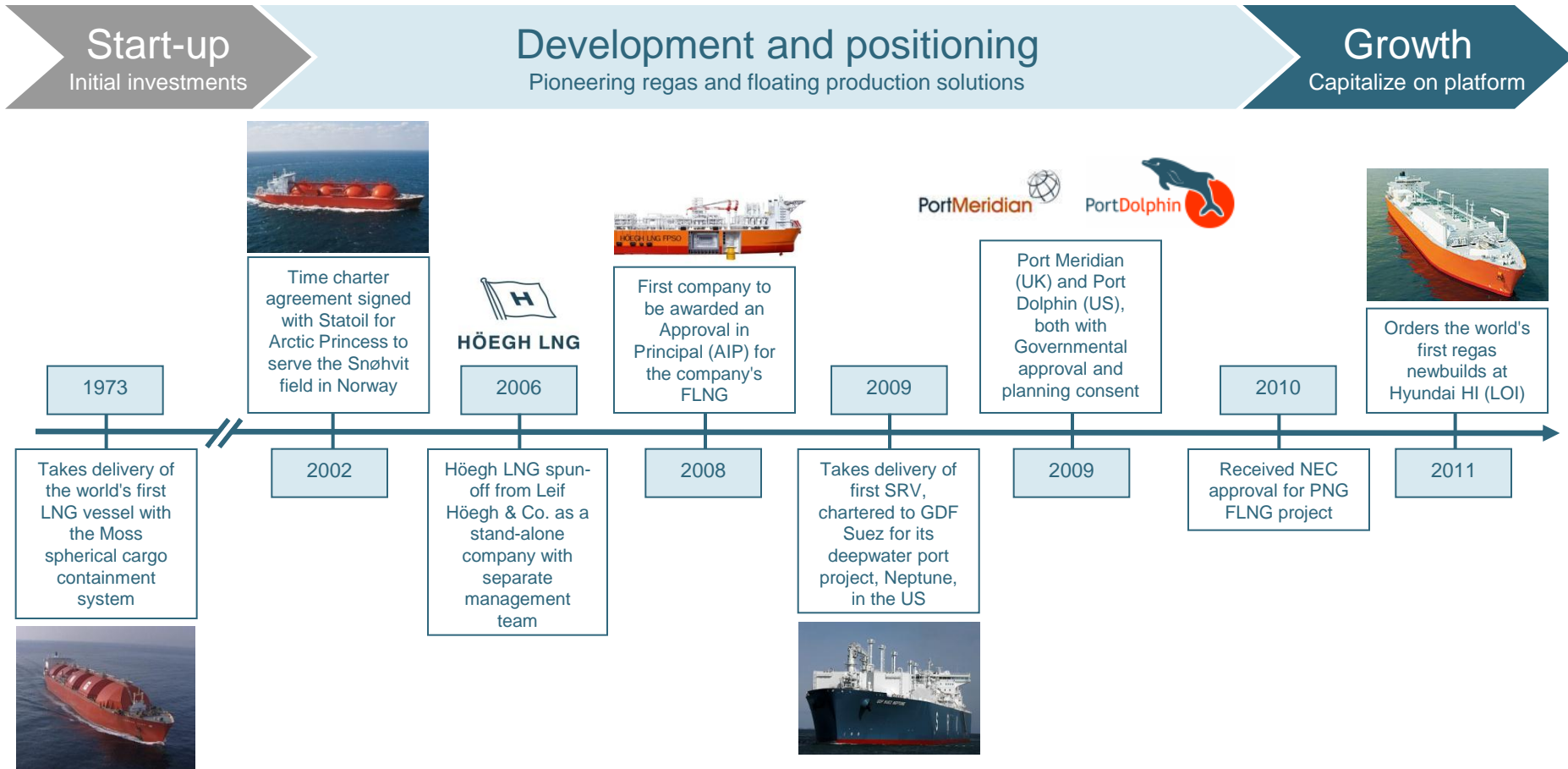
Investment highlights

Appendix

- 1. Company overview**
2. Financials
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Company key milestones



First class partners and customers



- Mitsui O.S.K. Lines (MOL) is 50% partner in GDF Suez Neptune, GDF Suez Cape Ann, Arctic Lady and Norman Lady and 33.98% partner in Arctic Princess
- Longstanding relationship with Höegh LNG since 1980



- GDF Suez and Höegh LNG have an extensive business relationship through the long term charter of the GDF Suez Neptune and the GDF Suez Cape Ann operating on the Neptune project
- Höegh LNG also has the management of Matthew for GDF Suez LNG Shipping NA



- Statoil Petroleum AS has an equity share of 33.53% in the Snøhvit LNG project
- Statoil ASA is the charterer and co-owner (32.04%) of Arctic Princess



- Total E&P Norge AS has an equity share of 18,4% in the Snøhvit LNG project
- Total is the charterer of the Arctic Lady
- Total has a significant presence in the LNG market with ownership in several LNG projects



- The charter party for Norman Lady was signed with Gas Natural in February 1996 for commencement in 2000
- Gas Natural is one of the leading multinational companies in the gas and electricity sector, operating in 25 countries and with more than 20 million customers



- September 2009 HLNG entered into a 3 year time charter with Repsol for the LNG vessel STX Frontier
- Repsol is a leading player in the energy sector, operating in 30 countries and is consolidated as the third largest LNG operator in the world

World-class management team



Sveinung Støhle

- CEO
- 25 years experience from the LNG industry with both shipping and oil and gas companies
- Nigeria LNG, Total LNG and Golar LNG Ltd



Vegard Hellekleiv

- Senior Vice President Project Services
- 12 years experience from various newbuilding and ship management positions within the Höegh Group, 3 years of experience from Det Norske Veritas



Stephan Tschudi-Madsen

- COO
- 25 years with the Höegh Group, played a key role in the development of the LNG activity over several years



Gunnar Knutsen

- Senior Vice President Floating LNG Production
- 30 years experience from project management, project control, procurement and contracts administration from the offshore oil and gas industry



Steffen Føreid

- CFO
- Experience as CFO at Grenland Group ASA, Executive Vice President in a management-buy-out of Kværner and with corporate lending and M&A at JPMorgan Chase



Ragnar Wisløff

- Managing Director Höegh LNG Asia, Singapore
- With Höegh LNG since 2005, 15 years of experience in the gas industry in both upstream and downstream activities with Esso, Total and Norsk Hydro

Høegh LNG Board from listing: Strong industrial and professional experience



Morten W. Høegh

- Chairman
- B.Sc. MIT, MBA Harvard
- Morgan Stanley, Høegh Capital Partners



Timothy Counsell

- Director
- B.Sc. Trent, M.Sc. And LL.B. Western Ontario
- Bermuda Bar Counsel, Appleby



Andrew Jamieson

- Director
- Ph. D Glasgow University
- Royal Dutch Shell, Nigeria LNG, Bonny Gas Transport



Leif O. Høegh

- Deputy Chairman
- MA Cambridge, MBA Harvard
- McKinsey & Company, the Royal Bank of Canada Group, Høegh Capital Partners



Cameron Adderley

- Director
- BA Bristol, Qualified Solicitor
- Simmons & Simmons, Appleby



Guy D. Lafferty

- Director
- Høegh Capital Partners
- Extensive investment banking experience from RBC and NatWest



Ditlev Wedell-Wedellsborg

- Director
- BA Stanford, MBA INSEAD
- McKinsey & Co, Dannebrog Rederi, Capitellum, Weco Invest



Jon Erik Reinhardsen

- Director
- University of Bergen, IMD Lausanne
- Petroleum Geo-Services, Alcoa Primary Metals, Aker Kværner



Thor Jørgen Guttormsen

- Deputy director*
- M.Sc. Norwegian School of Economics and Business Admin.
- Høegh Autoliners, Leif Høegh & Co

- The Company's investment and corporate decisions are made by its Board of Directors
- None of the members of the Board of Directors is a member of the Management

* Deputy Director to Leif O. Høegh and formally not part of the Board of Directors










Neptune LNG: Proven track record in executing complex LNG regas projects

The Neptune SRV project

- 2 Shuttle Regas Vessels (SRVs), one offshore terminal with 2 buoys and associated pipelines to shore
- GDF Suez Neptune delivered 30 November 2009, GDF Suez Cape Ann delivered 1 June 2010
- Commissioning and operations have been going after plan without interruptions
- 20 year t/c with GDF Suez (option 5+5)
- 50% ownership with MOL
- Project delivered on budget and on time
- Favourable economics relative to conventional LNG shipping projects



Fleet details

	Name	Type	Ownership	Containment	Capacity	Built	Yard	Charterer	Expiry	Financing
	Norman Lady	LNGC	HLNG (50%) MOL (50%)	Moss	87,600m3	1973	Rosenberg Verft	Gas Natural	2013	-
	Matthew	LNGC	-	Membrane	126,538m3	1979	Newport News	-	Ever-green	Ship management
	Arctic Lady	LNGC	HLNG (50%) MOL (50%)	Moss	147,208m3	2006	Mitsubishi HI	Total	2026	UK tax lease
	Arctic Princess	LNGC	HLNG (~34%) MOL (~34%) Statoil (~32%)	Moss	147,208m3	2006	Mitsubishi HI	Statoil	2026	UK tax lease
	GDF Suez Neptune	SRV	HLNG (50%) MOL (50%)	Membrane	145,130m3	2009	Samsung HI	GDF Suez	2029	Loan facility
	GDT Suez Cape Ann	SRV	HLNG (50%) MOL (50%)	Membrane	145,130m3	2010	Samsung HI	GDF Suez	2030	Loan facility
	STX Frontier	LNGC	HLNG purchase option	Membrane	153,600m3	2010	Hanjin HI	Repsol	2013	B/B in
	Newbuild 1	FSRU	100%	Membrane	170,000m3	2013	Hyundai HI	-	-	-
	Newbuild 2	FSRU	100%	Membrane	170,000m3	2014	Hyundai HI	-	-	-

Höegh LNG FPSO: Our FLNG solution



- Similar project size as the largest oil FPSOs
- Construction and fabrication within yard standard
- Pre-treatment 50% of area and weight
- **Hull Dimensions**
 - LOA 380 m
 - B 60 m
 - D 34 m
- **Process Plant**
 - 2.0 – 3.0 MTPA
 - 30.000 tonnes (dry weight)

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Capex plan for newbuildings and target financing structure

Uses of funds (USDm)

	FSRU 1	FSRU 2	Option 1	Total
Yard instalments	253	253	247	753
Capitalized project development costs	15	15	15	45
Financing costs	7	7	7	22
Total delivered cost	275	275	270	820

Target sources of funds post contract awards (USDm)

	FSRU 1	FSRU 2	Option 1	Total
Assumed bank financing at contract award (80%)	220	220	215	655
Required new equity	55	55	55	165
Total sources	275	275	270	820

Bank financing:

- Pre-delivery bank debt of approx. 50% of delivered cost secured
- Post-delivery financing of approx. 50% of yard cost secured
- Expected gearing post contract award: 75-80% of delivered cost

Shareholder support:

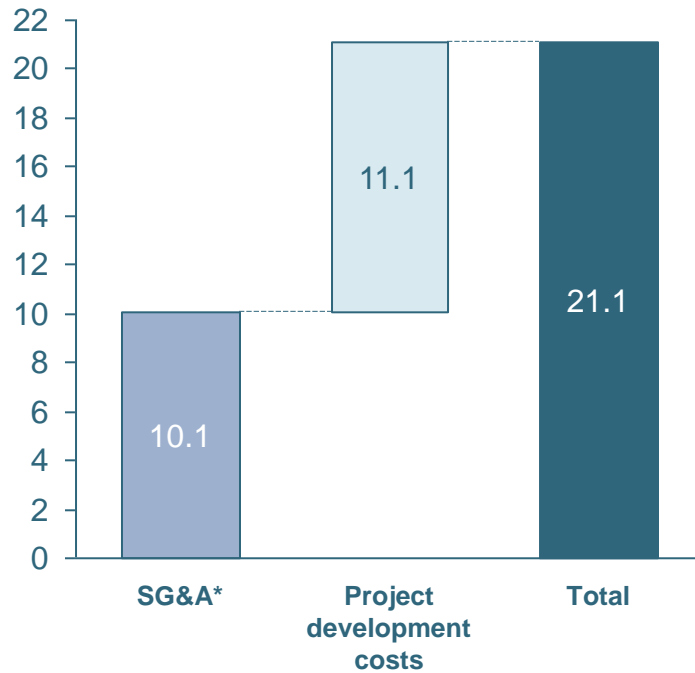
- The Company can draw on a shareholder loan from Sponsor to cover last installments to yard (if needed)

Equity funding requirement:

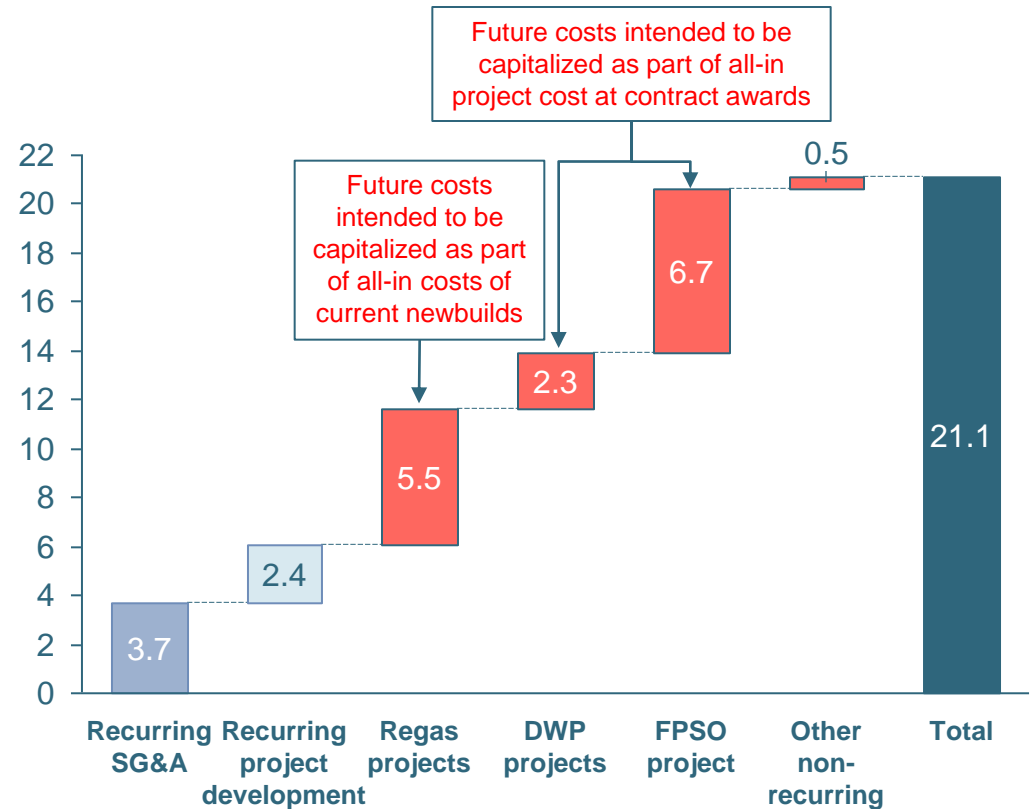
- Company is fully funded until delivery of 1st newbuilding (Q4 2013)
- In case of 80% bank financing on both newbuilds the Company will have sufficient funds to take delivery of 1st option without having to raise additional equity

SG&A / Project development costs breakdown

SG&A and project development (2010)



Recurring vs. non-recurring costs (2010)



* Net of management income of USD 3.5m

Höegh LNG income statement

(USD 1 000)	2009	2010	Q1 2011
Income on T/C basis	65 155	91 445	25 101
Management income	2 511	3 484	842
Charterhire expenses	-20 507	-19 244	-4 964
Operating expenses	-21 875	-27 076	-7 334
Administrative expenses	-10 225	-13 549	-3 715
Project development expenses	-6 707	-11 077	-3 195
EBITDA	8 352	23 983	6 735
Depreciation & amortization	-8 444	-13 811	-4 517
Other	2 934	-3	-16
EBIT	2 842	10 169	2 201
Net interest expense	17 849	-21 304	-6 492
Taxes	-81	-787	-
Other income/(expense)	-8 164	-51	-
Net Income	12 446	-11 973	-4 291

Key highlights:

- Vessel SPC consolidated on a proportional ownership basis
- 2010 figures includes 12 months operation of GDF Suez Neptune but only 7 months operation of GDF Suez Cape Ann
- Admin cost level reflects company's positioning towards high growth
- Level of project development cost reflects shift from technical to commercial project development work

Höegh LNG balance sheet

(USD 1 000)	2009	2010	Q1 2011
Cash and other short-term deposits	21 998	28 779	19 995
Promissory note	-	51 068	51 426
Other current assets	74 127	8 905	6 662
Fixed assets	422 704	467 585	463 319
Licenses, design & other intangibles	-	80 058	81 930
Restricted cash	-	10 216	10 848
Other long-term assets	77 035	2 109	1 994
Total assets	595 864	648 720	636 174
Short-term interest bearing debt	7 748	12 131	12 307
Other current liabilities	35 818	47 937	40 217
Long-term interest bearing debt	395 556	438 880	435 813
Other non-current liabilities	55 036	76 737	72 779
Shareholders' equity	101 706	73 035	75 059
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	595 864	648 720	636 175
Adj. book equity	163 742	154 155	150 284
Adj. equity ratio*	27,5 %	23,8 %	23,6 %

Key highlights:

- Promissory note due from related party to be repaid prior to close of offering and reinvested in marketable securities
- Vessel SPC consolidated on a proportional ownership basis
- Approx. USD 82 million in capitalized project development costs (licenses, designs, etc.)
- Net interest bearing debt of USD 365.9 million and gross interest bearing debt of USD 448.1 million per Q1 2011.
- Relatively high gearing due to non-recourse project financing
- Equity ratio temporarily affected by MTM of interest rate swaps

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Global outlook for LNG

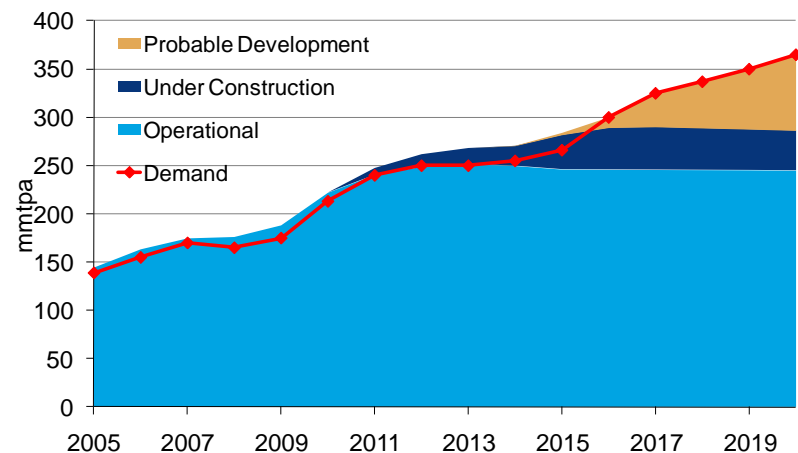
LNG demand to outgrow LNG supply

- Global gas demand to grow 50% by 2030
- Supply will have to be provided as LNG, transported from the Middle East and Australia
- LNG trade as proportion of global gas consumption expected to increase from 8.5% in 2009 to 14% in 2015

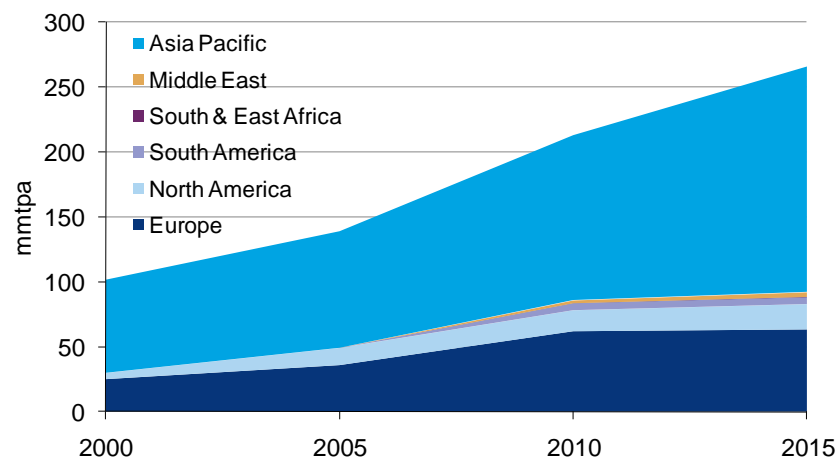
LNG demand driven by Asia-Pacific region

- Total LNG demand set to increase by 25% next 5 years
- The demand is driven both by additional power generation and the shift in feedstock from oil and coal to gas
- Fall out from Japanese nuclear power incident
- 90% of growth in demand derived from Asia

LNG Supply & Demand

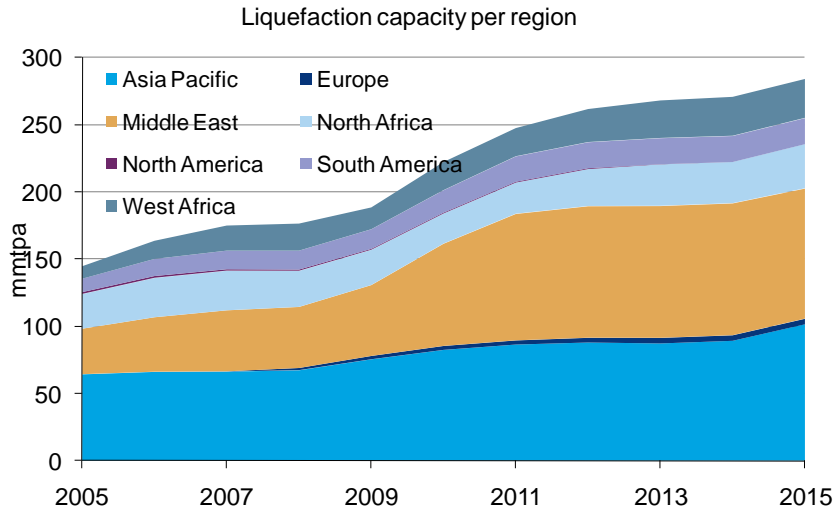


LNG demand by region



Global liquefaction capacity

LNG supply growth



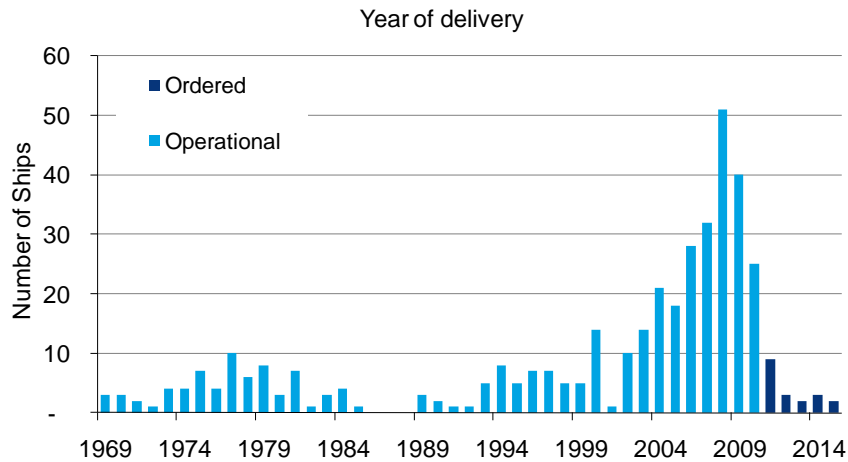
- Qatar and Australia to contribute with more than 60% of global liquefaction increase in the period 2010-15
- Australia is the "game changer" for LNG production post 2015 with approx. 40% of new potential liquefaction capacity

Potential new liquefaction projects post 2015

Country	Plant	mmtpa
Middle East		
Iran	Persian LNG	10,0
Iran	NIOC LNG	9,6
Iran	Pars LNG	8,0
Egypt	Damietta Train 2	5,0
North America		
Canada	Kitmat	10,0
USA	Sabine Pass	7,0
Europe		
Russia	Yamal LNG	15,0
Russia	Shtokman	7,5
Asia/Pacific		
Australia	APLNG	18,0
Australia	Ichthys LNG	8,5
Australia	Queensland Curtis LNG	8,5
Australia	Pilbara LNG	6,0
Australia	Sunrise LNG	5,3
Australia	Wheatstone LNG	5,0
Australia	Prelude FLNG	3,6
Australia	Bonaparte LNG	3,0
Australia	Fishermans Landing LNG	N/A
Australia	Scarborough LNG	N/A
Papua New Guinea	Liquid Niugini LNG	5,0
Indonesia	Dongi LNG	2,0
Others		
Venezuela	Cigma LNG	N/A
Total		137,0

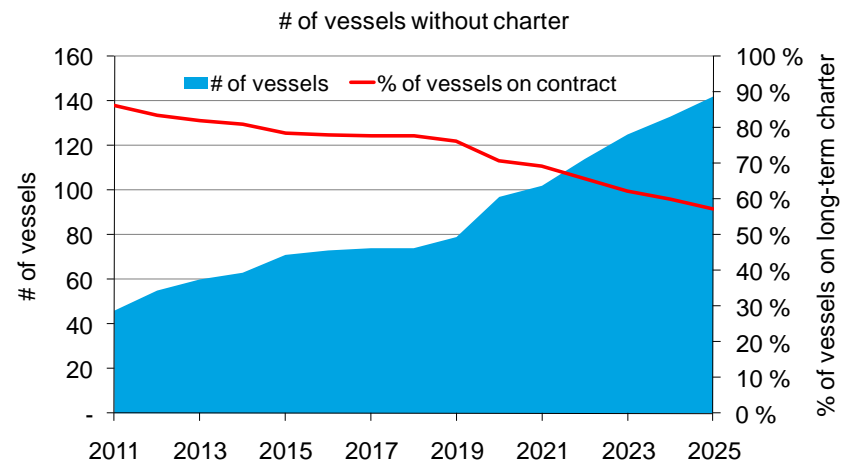
LNG shipping: Fleet overview

Fleet profile



- 361 vessels in fleet
- 30 newbuildings on order (8.3%)
- Average age 11 years (ex newbuildings)
- Limited relative scrapping potential

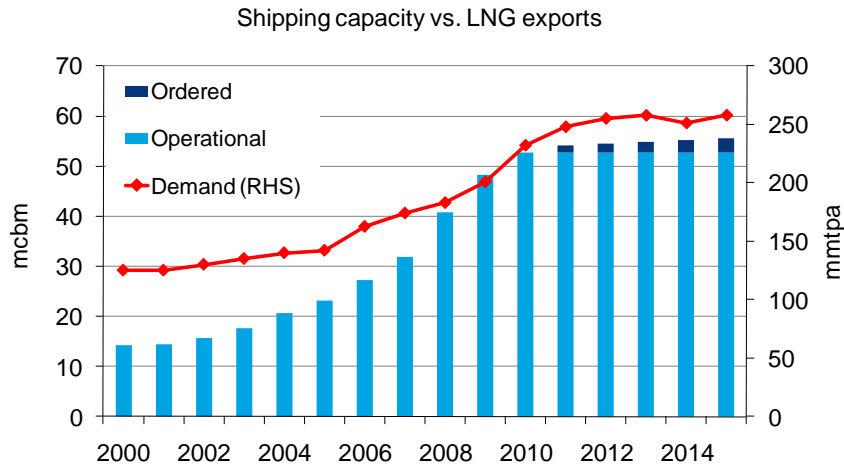
Fleet employment



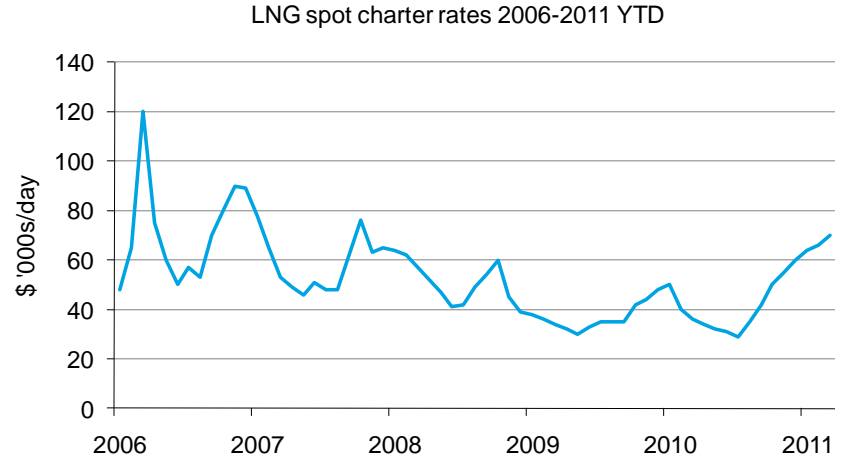
- 91% of fleet on long-term charters
- 46 vessels without long-term employment at year end 2011
 - 16 vessels are smaller than 120,000 cbm
 - 16 vessels >120,000 cbm built before 1990
 - 14 vessels are built after 2000

LNG shipping: Supply/demand balance

Supply/demand balance



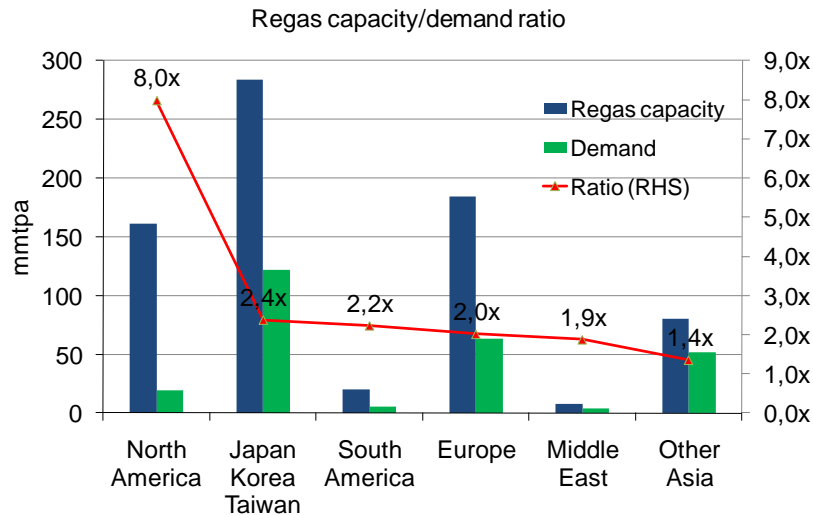
Spot charter rates strengthening



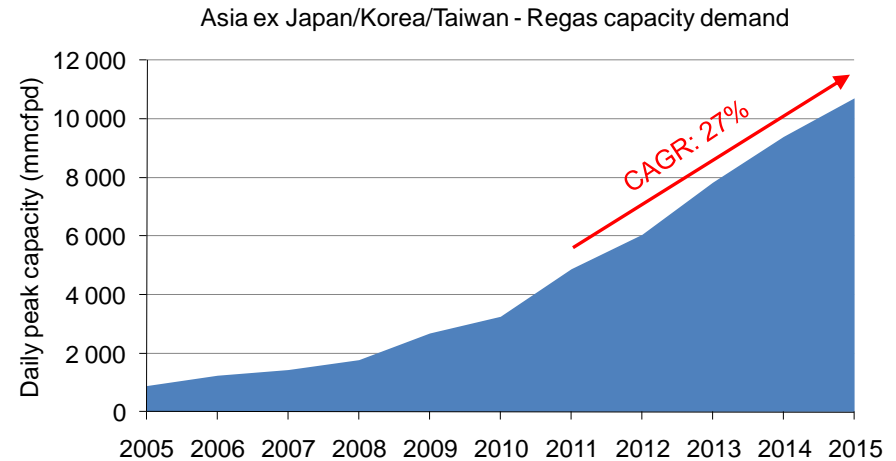
- Expect tightening shipping market
- Limited orderbook

Global regas capacity

Regional regas capacity vs. demand (2015E)



Strong demand for new regas capacity in Asia



- Annual regas capacity typically far exceeds annual regas demand due to seasonality and daily peak capacity
- Asia (ex Japan/Korea/Taiwan) has the lowest relative regas capacity world-wide and is the region with the highest LNG demand

- Asia (ex Japan/Korea/Taiwan) regas demand to grow by 7.5 bcfpd over next 5 years
- This equals approximately 21 new FSRU projects*

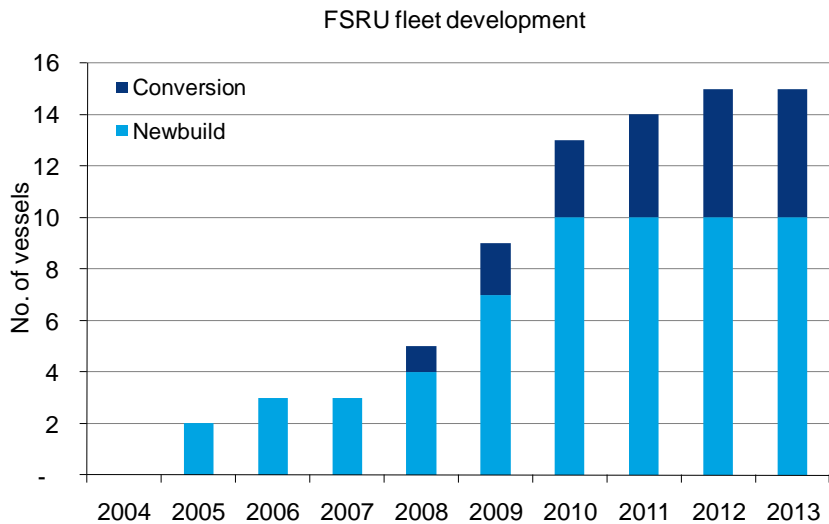
Source: Wood Mackenzie

* Assuming 350mcpd per FSRU project and no excess buffer capacity.

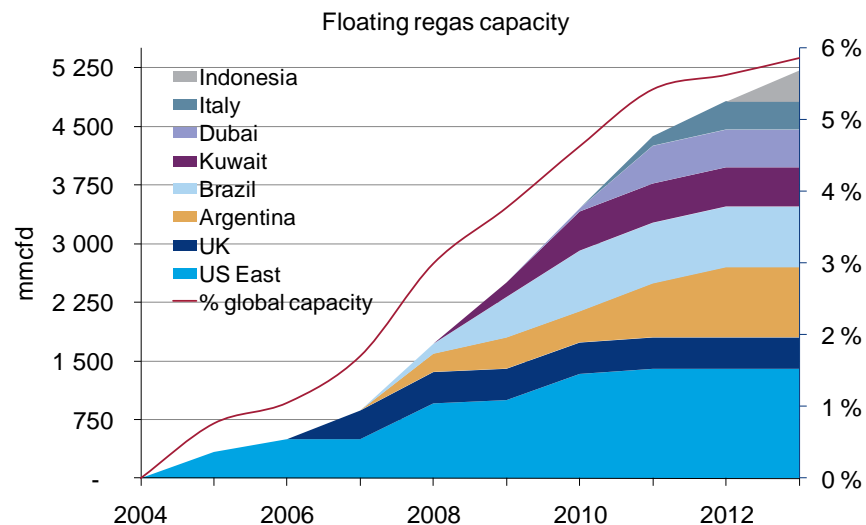


Floating regas market overview

FSRU/SRV fleet



Floating regas capacity by region



Floating regas: Existing projects

Country	Project	Sponsor	Operator	Start	Nominal Capacity (mmcf/d)
Existing					
UK	Teesside	-	Excelerate Energy	2007	500
USA	Northeast Gateway	-	Excelerate Energy	2008	650
Argentina	Bahia Blanca	ENARSA / Repsol	Excelerate Energy	2008	450
Brazil	Pecem	Petrobras	Golar LNG	2009	250
Brazil	Guanabara	Petrobras	Golar LNG	2009	500
Kuwait	Al-Ahmadi	KNPC	Excelerate Energy	2009	550
Chile	Mejillones	GDF Suez / Codelco	Suez Energy	-	200
USA	Neptune	GDF Suez	Höegh LNG	2010	600
Dubai	Dubai LNG	Dubai Supply Authority	Golar LNG	2010	450
Argentina	Escobar LNG	ENARSA	Excelerate Energy	2011	250
Under Construction					
Italy	LNG Toscana	E.ON / IREN / ASA	E.ON / IREN / ASA	2011	350
Indonesia	West Java	Pertamina / PGN	Golar LNG	2012	250
Jamaica	-	Promigas	Exmar	2013	200

Source: Tri-Zen, Wood Mackenzie

Floating regas: Identified projects pipeline Asia

Country	Project	Sponsor	Operator	Start	Nominal Capacity (mmcf/d)
Indonesia	North Sumatra	PGN	-	2012	300
Malaysia	Melaka LNG	Petronas	MISC	2014	500
Thailand	TBC	PTT LNG	-	2015	500
Bangladesh	Bangladesh LNG	Petrobangla	-	2017	600
Bahrain	Bahrain LNG	Bapco	-	-	400
India	GAIL	GAIL	-	-	350
Indonesia	East Java LNG	Pertamina	-	-	400
Indonesia	Central Java LNG	Pertamina	-	-	350
Indonesia	-	-	-	-	-
Pakistan	Pakistan GasPort	Jamshoro JV	-	-	600
Pakistan	Port Qasim LNG	Dana Gas, SBM	-	-	400
Sri Lanka	Kerawalapitiya	GAIL	-	-	-
Vietnam	Vietnam LNG	PetroVietnam	-	-	-
China	-	-	-	-	500
Phillipines	-	-	-	-	-

Source: Tri-Zen, Wood Mackenzie

Floating regas: Identified projects pipeline Americas

Country	Project	Sponsor	Operator	Start	Nominal Capacity (mmcf/d)
Brazil	Sao Francisco	Petrobras	-	2014	500
Chile	-	-	-	2014	100
Uruguay	GNL Del Plata	ANCAP/UTE	ANCAP/UTE	2014	200
Puerto Rico	TBC	Prepa	Excelerate Energy	2014	-
Argentina	Punta Alta LNG	PDVSA / ENARSA	-	-	-
US	Liberty Natural Gas	Excalibur Energy	-	-	2400
US	Port Dolphin	Höegh LNG	Höegh LNG	-	400

Floating regas: Identified projects pipeline Europe and Africa

Country	Project	Sponsor	Operator	Start	Nominal Capacity (mmcf/d)
Israel	Israel LNG	Israel Electric Corp	Excelerate Energy	2012	350
UK	Port Meridian	Höegh LNG	Höegh LNG	2014	400
Albania	Albania LNG	Gruppo Falcione	-	-	-
Belgium	Zeebrugge 2	Fluxys LNG	Exmar	-	-
Croatia	Kirk	-	-	-	-
Greece	Gulf of Corinth	Mytilineos	-	-	200
Greece	Kavala	DEPA	-	-	-
Italy	Azzurro LNG	Sorgenia	TORP	-	1200
Italy	Falconara LNG	API	-	-	250
Italy	Triton LNG	GDF Suez	Höegh LNG	-	500
Ghana	-	-	-	-	400
Germany	Wilhelmshaven GasPort	RWE	Excelerate Energy	-	450

Source: Tri-Zen, Wood Mackenzie

FLNG: Identified projects pipeline

Several major oil & gas companies currently planning FLNG projects

- Shell has developed its own solutions for the Prelude field offshore Australia; FID made
- Shell and Woodside are planning an FLNG for their Sunrise field offshore Australia
- GDFSuez / Santos are planning an FLNG for their Bonaparte field offshore Australia
 - Pre-FEED work is ongoing, planned completion by end of 2011
- PTT from Thailand are planning to use FLNG for their Cash / Maple fields offshore Australia
 - Pre-FEED work is ongoing and planned for completion by the end of 2011
- Inpex of Japan has for several years been planning an LNG FPSO for their Masela field offshore Indonesia; start FEED work Q3-2011
- Petrobras has developed their own solution for the Tupi field offshore Brazil; FID Q3-2011

